

All In when push comes to shove, what aspects of your life are you committed to? EDUCATOR'S GUIDE

CENTRAL IDEAS

- 1 Our decisions impact who we are and who we will become.
- **2** Rut and Naomi are identical on the surface, but when push comes to shove their decisions reflect a deeper difference in commitment.
- **3** Their decisions did not only impact their own lives, but also on events that happened generations later.

PART 1: HOOK ACTIVITY

THE ROAD NOT TAKEN BY ROBERT FROST

Two roads diverged in a yellow wood, And sorry I could not travel both And be one traveler, long I stood And looked down one as far as I could To where it bent in the undergrowth;

Then took the other, as just as fair, And having perhaps the better claim, Because it was grassy and wanted wear; Though as for that the passing there Had worn them really about the same, And both that morning equally lay In leaves no step had trodden black. Oh, I kept the first for another day! Yet knowing how way leads on to way, I doubted if I should ever come back.

I shall be telling this with a sigh Somewhere ages and ages hence: Two roads diverged in a wood, and I— I took the one less traveled by, And that has made all the difference.

ACTIVITY: READ ROBERT FROST'S POEM AND PROMPT LEARNERS TO:

- Share a decision your parents or grandparents have made that "made all the difference" for their lives.
- OR Share a decision a public figure has made that "made all the difference" in their lives.

PART 2: RUT & ORPAH

TORAH SOURCE AND DISCUSSION: (15-20 MINUTES)

Learn the following sections of Megillat Rut with the students or they can learn in Chavruta:

Part 1: Similarities

רות פרק א'

1 In the days when the chieftains ruled, there was a famine in the land; and a man of Bethlehem in Judah, with his wife and two sons, went to reside in the country of Moab. 1 וַיְהִי בִּימֵי שְׁפֵּט הַשֵּׁפְטִים וַיְהִי רָעָב בָּאָרֶץ וַיֵּלֶדְ אִישׁ מִבְּיָת לֶחֶם יְהוּדָה לָגוּר בִּשְׁדֵי מוֹאָב הוּא וִאָשְׁתוֹ וּשְׁנֵי בַנֵיו:

- 2 The man's name was Elimelech, his wife's name was Naomi, and his two sons were named Mahlon and Chilion—Ephrathites of Bethlehem in Judah. They came to the country of Moab and remained there.
- **3** Elimelech, Naomi's husband, died; and she was left with her two sons.
- **4** They married Moabite women, one named Orpah and the other Ruth, and they lived there about ten years.
- **5** Then those two—Mahlon and Chilion—also died; so the woman was left without her two sons and without her husband.
- **6** She started out with her daughters-in-law to return from the country of Moab; for in the country of Moab she had heard that the LORD had taken note of His people and given them food.
- 7 Accompanied by her two daughters-in-law, she left the place where she had been living; and they set out on the road back to the land of Judah.
- 8 But Naomi said to her two daughters-in-law, "Turn back, each of you to her mother's house. May the LORD deal kindly with you, as you have dealt with the dead and with me!
- **9** May the LORD grant that each of you find security in the house of a husband!" And she kissed them farewell. They broke into weeping
- **10** and said to her, "No, we will return with you to your people."

- ן שְׁם הָאַיִשׁ אֶלִימֶלֶךּ וְשֵׁם אִשְׁתוֹ נָצֶמִי וְשֵׁם שְׁנֵי־ כְנֵיו ו מַחְלוּן וְכִלְיוֹן אֶפְרָתִים מִבֵּית לֶחֶם יְהוּדָה וַיָּבָאוּ שְׁדֵי־מוֹאָב וַיָּהְיוּ־שָׁם:
- : וַיָּמָת אֱלִימֶלֶך אַישׁ נָעֲמִי וַהִּשָּׁאֵר הָיָא וּשְׁנֵי בָנֶיהָ: 3
- 4 וַיִּשְׂאוּ לָהֶם נָשִׁים מֹאֲבִיוֹת שֵׁם הָאֲחַת עָרְפָּה וְשֵׁם הַשֵּׁגִית רוּת וַיֵּשְׁבוּ שָׁם כְּעֵשֶׁר שָׁגִים:
- 5 וַיָּמוּתוּ גַם־שְׁנֵיהֶם מַחְלוֹן וְכִלְיוֹן וַתִּשָּׁאֵר הָאִשָּׁה מִשְׁנֵי יִלְדֵיהָ וּמֵאִישָה:
- 6 וַתָּקָם הִיאֹ וְכַלֹּגִיה וַתָּשָׁב מִשְּׁדֵי מוֹאָב כַּי שָׁמְעָה בַּשְׁדֵה מוֹאָב כִי־פָּקַד ה׳ אֶת־עַמוֹ לָתֵת לָהֶם לָחֶם:
- 7 וַהַצֹּא מִן־הַמָּקוֹם אֲשֶׁר הָיְתָה־שָׁמָה וּשְׁהֵי כַלֹהֶיהָ עַמָּה וַהַלַכָנָה בַדֶּרֶךְ לָשׁוּב אֶל־אֶרֶץ יְהוּדָה:
 - 8 וַתֹּאָמֶר נָצְמִי לִשְׁתַיַ כַלֹּגֶיהָ לַכַנָה שֹׁבְנָה אָשָׁה לְבֵית אָמָה יַצַשׁ ה׳ עַמָּכָם חֶסֶׁד כַּאֲשֶׁר צַשִׁיתֶם עָם־הַמֵּתִים וַעַמַדִי:
- יַתַן ה' לָכֶם וּמְצֵאן מְנוּחָה אִשָּׁה בֵּית אִישָׁה וַתִּשַׁק 9 יַתַן הַישָּׁה וַתִּשַׁרָ לָהֶן וַתִּשֶׂאנָה קוֹלָן וַתִּבְכֶּינָה:
 - 10 וַתֹּאמַרְנָה־לָאֶה כִּי־אָתָך נָשׁוּב לְעַמֵך:

DISCUSSION QUESTIONS:

- Until this point, who in the story is most similar to Rut?
- How are they similar?

At this point, the learner should see the similarities between Rut and Orpah, and how their trajectories were on the same path. Until...

Part 2: A Moment of Difference

רות פרק א'

- 11 But Naomi replied, "Turn back, my daughters! Why should you go with me? Have I any more sons in my body who might be husbands for you?
- **12** Turn back, my daughters, for I am too old to be married. Even if I thought there was hope for me, even if I were married tonight and I also bore sons,
- **13** should you wait for them to grow up? Should you on their account debar yourselves from marriage? Oh no, my daughters! My lot is far more bitter than yours, for the hand of the LORD has struck out against me."
- ד וַתֹּאָמֶר נָעֲמִי שֹׁבְנָה בְנֹתַי לָמֶה תַלְכָנָה עִמֵּי הַעָוֹד־ לְיַ בָנִים בְּמֵעַי וְהָיוּ לָכֶם לַאֲנָשָׁיִם:
- עלָרָתָי אַמַרְתָי מָהְיוֹת לְאָיָשׁ כֵּי אָמַרְתִי ישרלי תִקְוָה גַּם הָיֵיתִי הַלַּיְלָה לְאִישׁ וְגַם יָלַדְתִי בָנִיִם:
- 13 הַלָּהֵן ו תְּשַּׁבֵּרְנָה עַדְ אֲשֶׁר יִגְדָּלוּ הַלָּהֵן תֵּעָגַנָה לְבַלְתִּי הֶיוֹת לְאֵישׁ אַל בְּנֹתַי כִּי־מַר־לִי מְאֹד מִכֶּם כִּי־יָצְאָה בִי יַדִּדה׳:

- 14 They broke into weeping again, and Orpah kissed her mother-in-law farewell. But Ruth clung to her.
- **15** So she said, "See, your sister-in-law has returned to her people and her gods. Go follow your sister-in-law."
- **16** But Ruth replied, "Do not urge me to leave you, to turn back and not follow you. For wherever you go, I will go; wherever you lodge, I will lodge; your people shall be my people, and your God my God.
- **17** Where you die, I will die, and there I will be buried. Thus and more may the LORD do to me if anything but death parts me from you."

DISCUSSION QUESTIONS:

- Who made the right choice? Which choice would you have made?
- Did Orpah and Rut's decisions "make all the difference?"
- Are there any hints in the pesukim that show us why they made different choices?

By now the students should see that while Rut and Orpah were on an almost identical path, one decision changed the trajectory of their lives. Notice how in pasuk 14 Orpah **kisses** Naomi while Rut **clings** to her, **perhaps this reflects a deeper difference in the relationship that previously was unseen.** Maybe Orpah's relationship was more like a simple kiss, and her connection with Naomi was more superficial while Rut has always embraced her mother-inlaw. When push came to shove, one relationship was strong enough to continue.

PART 3: A DECISION THAT BEAT THE GIANT

CLOSING SOURCES AND DISCUSSION: (10 MINUTES)

Source 1: David Hamelech is a descendant of Rut.

- **16** Naomi took the child and held it to her. She became its foster mother,
- 17 and the women neighbors gave him a name, saying, "A son is born to Naomi!" They named him Obed; he was the father of Jesse, father of David.

Source 2: Goliath is a descendant of Orpah.

The verse recounts that he was "named Goliath, of Gath" (I Samuel 17:4). Rav Yosef taught: This is because of his mother... It is written that Goliath's mother was: "Orpah"

- אן וַתִּשֶּׁנָה קוֹלֶן וַתִּבְכָּינָה עוֹד וַתִּשַּׁק עָרְפָּה לַחֲמוֹתָה וִרוּת דָּבָקַה בָּה:
 - וּתֹאמֶר הִנֵּה שָׁבָה יְבִמְתֵּךְ אֶל־עַמָּה וְאֶל־אֶלֹהֻיָהָ שׁוּבִי אַחֲבִי יְבִמְתֵּךְ:
- וּתַּאָמֶר רוּתֹ אַל־תִּפְגְעִי־בִי לְעָזְבֵדְ לָשׁוָּב מֵאַחֲרָיֶדְ כִּי אֶל־אֲשֶׁר תַּלְכִי אַלֵּדְ וּבַאֲשֶׁר תָּלִינִי אָלִין עַמֵך עַמִי וַאלקיִדְ אֱלקי:
- 17 בַּאֲשֶׁר תָּמוּתִי אָמוּת וְשָׁם אֶקְבַר כֹה יַצֲשֶׂה ה׳ לִי וְכָה יֹסִיף כֵּי הַמַּוֹת יַפְרָיִד בֵּינֵי וּבֵינֵד:

- וַהַקַּח נָצֶמָי אֶת־הַיָּלֶד וַהְּשָׁתֵהוּ בְחֵיקָה וַתְּהִי־לוָ לְאֹמֶנֶת:
- וַתַּקְרֶאנָה לוֹ הַשְּׁכֵנוֹת שֵׁם לֵאמֹר יֻלַּד־בֵּן לְנָעֲמִיַ וַתַּקְרֵאנָה שָׁמוֹ עוֹבֶר הוּא אַבִי־יִשׁי **אַבִי דַוְד:**

גמרא סוטה דף מב' עמוד ב'

רות פרק ד'

וגלית שמו מגת תני רב יוסף ... אמו כגת ...כתיב ערפה

Source 3: David beats the giant Goliath because of their great-great-grandmothers.

גמרא סוטה דף מב' עמוד ב'

It says: "And they (Goliath and his army) fell into the hands of David and his servants." Why? It is because of the acts of their forebears, as it is written: "And Orpah kissed her mother-in-law, and Ruth cleaved to her" (Ruth 1:14). ויפלו ביד דוד וביד עבדיו דכתיב (רות א, יד) ותשק ערפה לחמותה ורות דבקה בה

While the decision to stay or go seemed like it "made all the difference" for Rut and Orpah in their lifetimes, it influenced major events in the future as well. Our decisions matter in the short term and long term.

PART4: CONCLUSION

While on the surface level Rut and Orpah's lives looked identical – they married brothers, traveled together, lost husbands, and were both committed to continue on with their motherin-law Naomi. Their commitment to Naomi was never equivalent and that expressed itself in Orpah's kiss goodbye and Rut's embrace to stay.

STEP ONE:

We read Frost's famous poem and considered what decisions might have been made before me that made a difference in their lives.

STEP TWO:

We learned that Rut and Orpah had very similar trajectories until they split ways, but ultimately their commitment to Naomi always differed. Rut fully embraced the relationship, which is why it continued when things got difficult.

STEP THREE:

We discussed that decisions don't only influence the short term, but that Orpah and Rut's decisions made a difference, generations later. David beat Goliath because he understood how to fully embrace his relationship with Hashem.

STEP FOUR:

Are my core relationships (Hashem, family, friends) deep enough to withstand difficult times?



WHEN PUSH COMES TO SHOVE, WHAT ASPECTS OF YOUR LIFE ARE YOU COMMITTED TO?

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